



Diamonds



Chocolate



Dogs



Meadows

Reading Booklet

Key Stage 2 Practice Reading Booklet

<http://www.literacyshedplus.com>



The Dodo

Chocolate

ANCIENT CHOCOLATE

Eating and drinking chocolate is a much older tradition than you might think. As early as 450 BC, the Aztecs were making drinks from chocolate. They believed that the cacao seeds that were used to make the treat were a gift from their god, Quetzalcoatl. For hundreds of years, the seeds were so important that the Aztecs used them as money.

Early chocolate was nothing like the chocolate seen in shops today. The first drinks were very bitter and were mixed with spices or ground corn to add flavour. People in the south of Mexico still make these drinks today: they are known as Chilate.



INTO EUROPE

It wasn't until the 16th century that people in Europe became aware of the cacao tree. Christopher Columbus was one of the first westerners to discover the beans. Even when he took them back to Spain, it took a long time for them to become popular. This was perhaps because they weren't sure what to do with them. They also found the bitter taste too much to take.

In 1519, Hernán Cortés travelled to the Aztecs in Mexico. He saw them presenting their king with a cup of chocolate, which may be the first time a European saw what could be made from the cacao bean.

MODERN DELIGHTS

The Industrial Revolution meant that lots of processes in making chocolate became quicker and easier. Scientists found ways to make it less bitter and to make it cheaper and to keep the quality high. Originally, the hard chocolate that we know today was called "Dutch cocoa".

Joseph Fry made an important discovery in 1847 when he worked out how to make chocolate moldable. In 1875, Daniel Peter invented milk chocolate by adding powdered milk to the chocolate mix.

Most of the big chocolate companies that exist today began making chocolate during the 18th and 19th centuries. It was thanks to all of these changes that chocolate stopped being used mainly as a drink and started to be eaten as a food.

ADVERTISING

For a while, chocolate was considered healthy. The Victorians thought that sugar and sweet things were good for the body and wholesome. Only very wealthy people could afford sweets and chocolate before the Industrial Revolution. This meant that Victorians were desperate to get their hands on it. Early adverts were aimed mainly at women, and they encouraged them to buy chocolate as part of their family's diet.

Nowadays, the public is aware of the harmful effects of too much sugar. There are rules in place to stop companies advertising chocolate to children. This doesn't stop people in Britain eating over 660,000 tonnes of chocolate each year. That's nearly 3 big bars a week per person.



1

What impression do you get about Aztec chocolate?

Give two impressions, using evidence from the text to support your answer.

Impression	Evidence
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3 marks

2

Look at the section headed: **Modern Delights.**

Which of the following **two** statements are **true**?

Tick **two**.

Chocolate became harder to produce.

Chocolate became less bitter.

Joseph Fry created milk chocolate.

Many big chocolate companies began in the 18th and 19th centuries.

2 marks





3

Who did Hernán Cortés see the Aztecs giving chocolate to?

1 mark

4

a) Who were early chocolate adverts aimed at?

1 mark

b) Why did Victorians want to buy chocolate? **Give two reasons.**

2 marks

5

Look at the section headed: **Ancient Chocolate.**

Which of the following words would best describe how the Aztecs thought of chocolate?

Tick **one**.

Pointless

Tasteless

Worthless

Valuable

1 mark

SATs Practice - Chocolate

1. Give 1 mark for two correct impressions. Give an extra 1 mark for each correct use of evidence from the text.

It wouldn't taste very nice today.

It was very bitter and mixed with spices and corn to add flavour.

The people in Europe found it too bitter to take.

It was very valuable

The Aztecs used it as money.

It was very valuable then but is much cheaper to make now.

2. Give 1 mark for each correct answer:

Chocolate became less bitter.

Many big chocolate companies began in the 18th and 19th centuries.

3. Their king.

4. a) Women

b) **1 mark for each correct answer from:**

They thought sugar was good for you.

Only rich people could buy it before, so they wanted to buy it for themselves.

5. Valuable